

# Engagement & Communication in online (and offline) classes

Ross Thorburn September 24<sup>th</sup> 2020



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colleges TEFL. raining nstitute





Look at the picture. Say the sentence.



Be quiet.





aShundra





materials

Look at the picture. Say the sentence.



Be quiet.

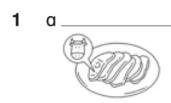
## 6 Time to eat!

A Look and say.























#### Now write an invitation card. Choose and write where YOUR home is.

То:			ou are invited!	From:	
Please co	me to my bi	thday par	rty on Directions: Take the MTR to		
*	<b>X</b>	* <u> </u>			



#### **Typical classroom interaction**

- Teacher: So, you've got to say, is there, is there a clothes shop?
- Student: Is there a clothes shop, yes there is. You can buy a coat... 2.
- 3.
  - Teacher: On the...
- Student: On the first floor. 4.
- 5. Teacher: Is there a gift shop?
- 6. Student: Yes, there is. You can buy a present on the first, floor.
- Teacher: Is there a bookshop? 7.
- 8. Student: Yes, there is. You can buy a storybook. It is on the fifth floor.
- 9. Teacher: Is there a pet shop? Is there a pet shop?
- 10. Student: Yes, there is.
- 11. Teacher: Is there? Is there a pet shop? I want to buy a dog.
- 12. Student: No there isn't.
- 13.

14.

- Teacher: Is there a sports shop?
  - Student: Yes, there is. You can sportswear on the third floor.



### Initial reflections

opportunity observe the classroom huge variety of teachers opportunities to test out activities



not very much communication
materials dominating the classroom interactions
materials often from offline coursebooks

What communication happens in online language classes?

Do materials / coursebooks affect this communication?

How can teachers get students to communicate more?





### What are we doing today?



What is communication ?

Do activities and materials impact communication?

What can teachers do to encourage communication?

Final Thoughts



What is communication ?

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What can teachers do to encourage communication?

Final Thoughts

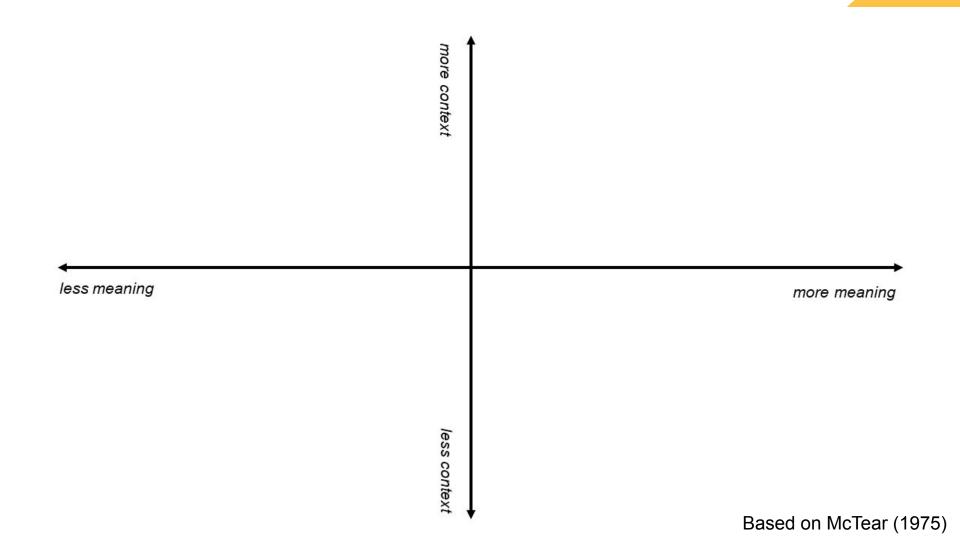


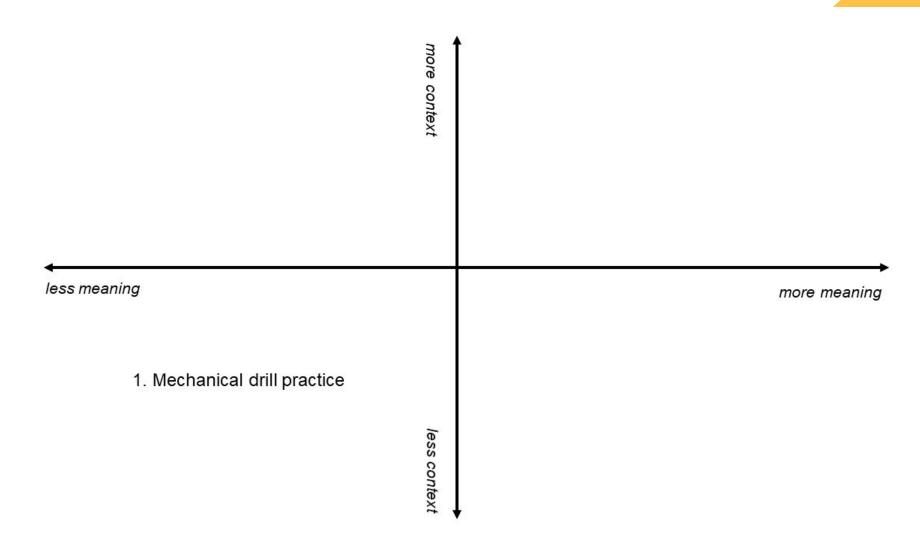


What is "meaningful communication"?

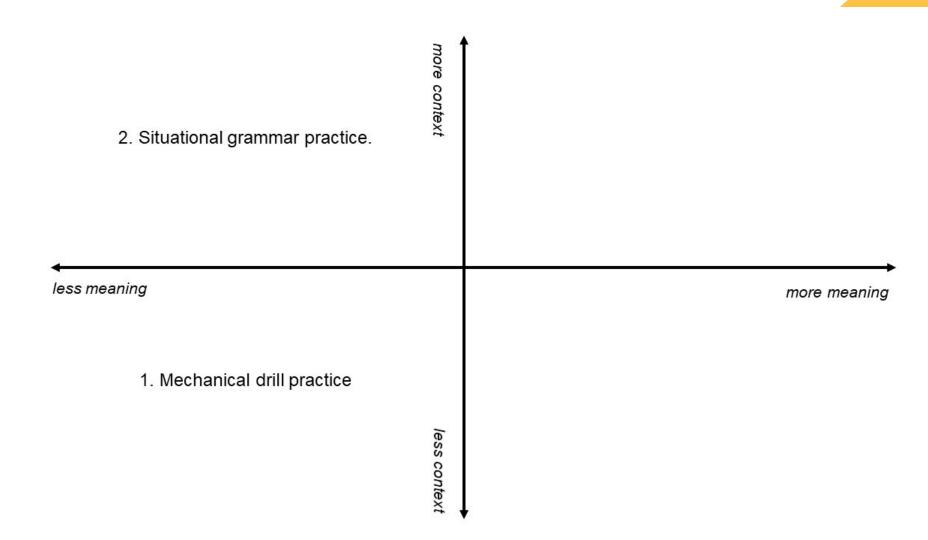
What does this look or sound like?



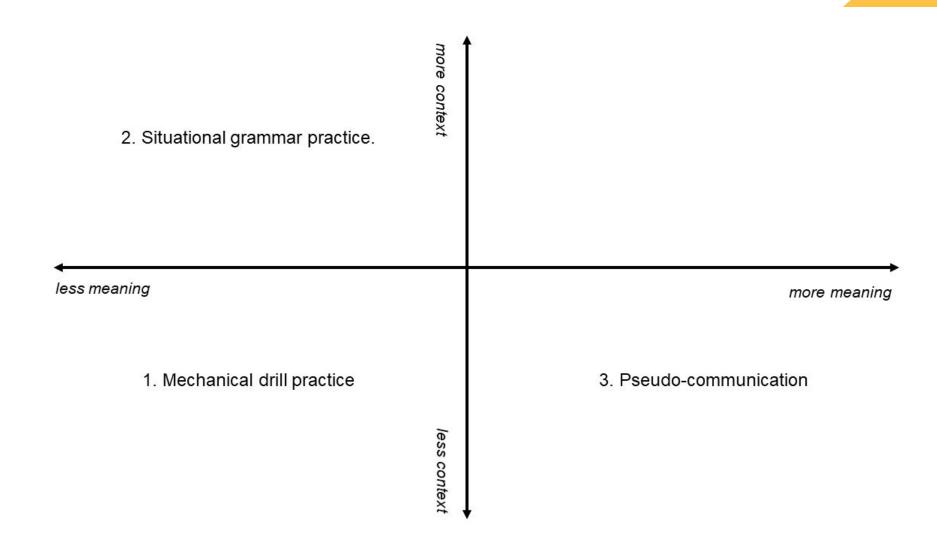




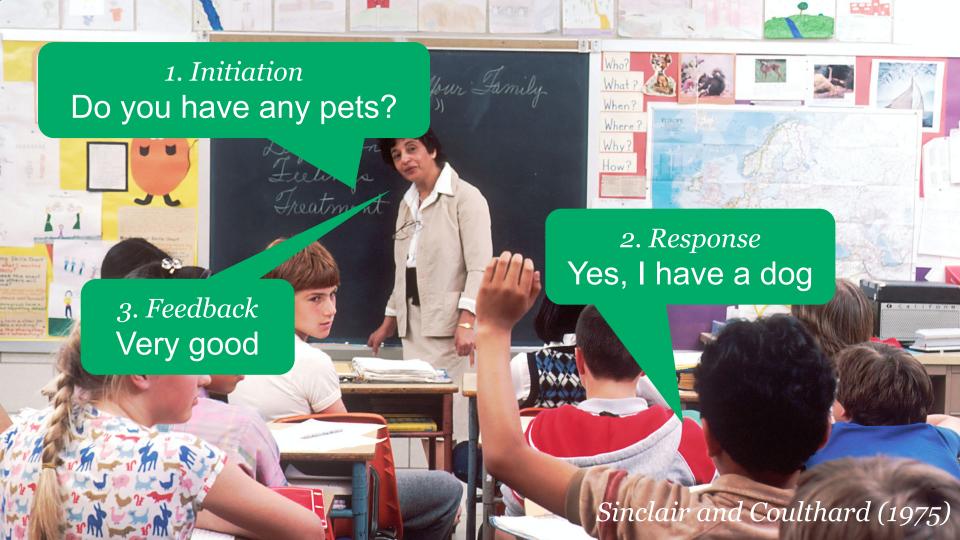


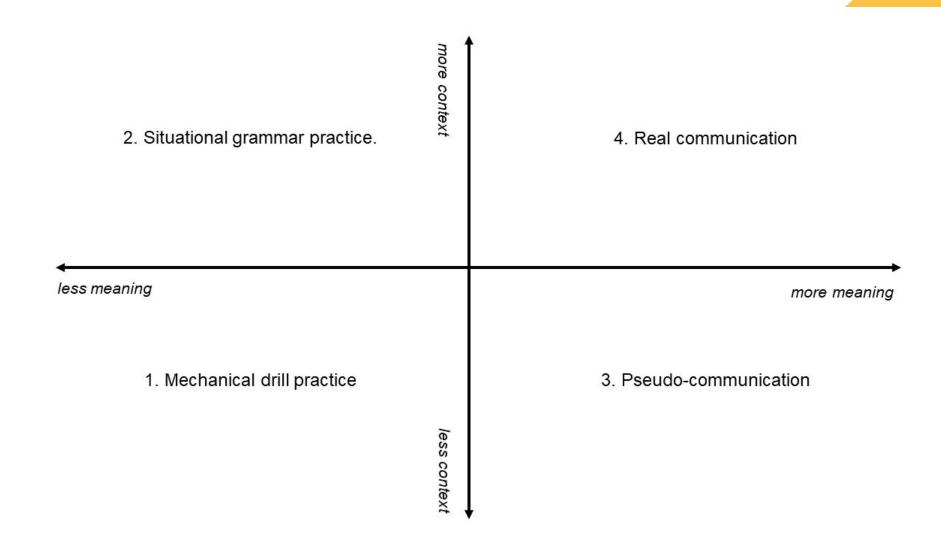




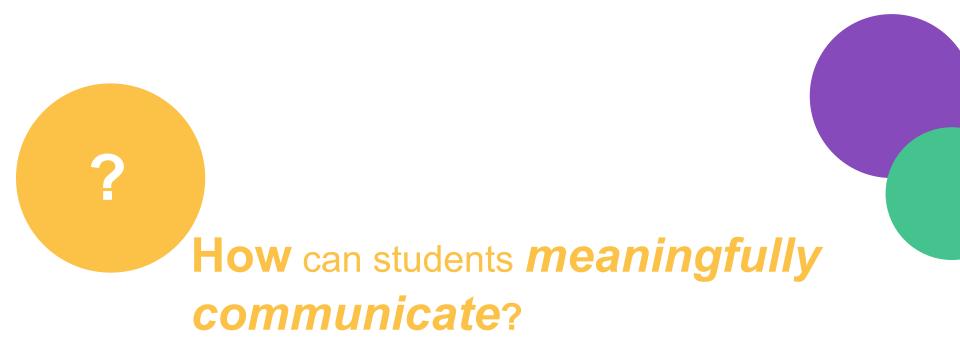




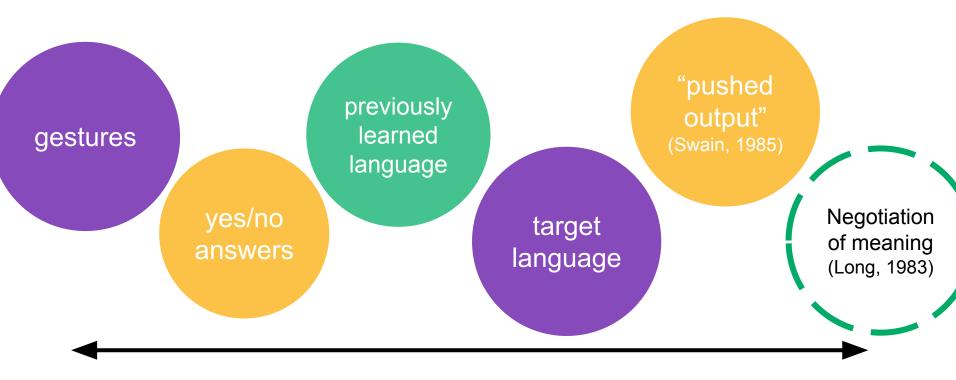












(relatively) less complex speech



(relatively) more complex speech

What is communication ?

Do activities and materials impact communication ?

What can teachers do to encourage communication?

Final Thoughts



#### Now write an invitation card. Choose and write where YOUR home is.

To:			You are invited!	From:	
Please cor	me to my k	pirthday pa	rty on Directions: Take the MTR to		
*	<b>X</b> Exit	*			

student's name

#### Now write an invitation card. Choose and write where YOUR hom

То:			Froi You are invited!	m:
friend's	name	birthday pa	rty on Directions:	at
			Take the MTR to	student's birthday
*	<b>Ж</b>	*		
	Exit			

Yes, there is / are.

No, there isn't.



Say some things you want to buy and finish the dialogue.



Is there ...?

Showning uist.

a coat a storybook trainers



Say some things you want to buy and finish the dialogue.



Yes, there is / are. No, there isn't. You can buy ... on ... floor. Is there ...?

Shopping List:

a storybook trainers

sentence stems

shopping list



### **My Favourite Weekly Food List**

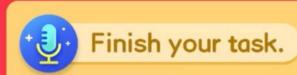
	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Breakfast	mik _						
Lunch							
Dinner							



## Design a shopping centre and introduce it to your teacher. (You say and the teacher types.)

Shopping Centre Directory				
3/F				
2/F				
1/F				
G/F				





## Design a shopping centre and introduce it to your teacher. (You say and the teacher types.)

blank shopping mall plan

Shopping Centre Directory				
•••				
3/F				
2/F				
1/F				
G/F				

instructions



What is communication ?

Do activities and materials impact communication?

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Final Thoughts





# In total, **Seventeen** teacher-student pairs

- from US, UK and South Africa
- mostly female
- 3 had a recognized TEFL qualification



- all Chinese
- 65% male, 35% female
- Distributed evenly between tier 1, 2 and 3



Principle #1: ask questions you don't know the answer to

Principle #2 : use motivating tasks with tangible outcomes

Principle #3:
make tasks
culturally relevant
to students and
teachers

Principle #4:
Avoid sentence
stems in
communicative
activities

Principle #5: Put communicative activities at the start of lessons

Principle #6: Get students to instruct and teacher to draw



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Yes, there is / are.

No, there isn't.



Say some things you want to buy and finish the dialogue.



Is there ...?

Showning uist.

a coat a storybook trainers

## **Mainly display questions**

- 1. Teacher: So, is there a coat? Is there a coat?
- 2. Student: Yes, there is.
- 3. Teacher: You can buy one on...
- 4. Student: You can buy coat on... You can buy coat on first floor.
- 5. Teacher: On the first floor, fantastic, good. On the first floor, great. Alright. Is there a present?
- 6. Student: You can... You can. You can buy, buy present on. You can buy present on a fourth floor.
- 7. Teacher: On the fourth floor, lovely. Is there a storybook?
- 8. Student: You can buy storybook on fifth floor.
- 9. Teacher: On the fifth floor, fantastic. Is there trainers?
- 0. Student: Trainers. You can buy trainers on on second floor.





# Design a shopping centre and introduce it to your teacher. (You say and the teacher types.)

Shopping Centre Directory					
3/F					
2/F					
1/F					
G/F					



## **Mainly referential questions**

- 1. Teacher: What about a Minnie Mouse... Sorry?
- 2. Student: (draws in extra borders on the diagram) One, two, three...
- 3. Teacher: You want more shops?
- 4. Student: And dancing!
- 5. Teacher: A dancing shop?
- 6. Student: No, dancing, oh... (L2)
- 7. Teacher: A dance school
- 8. Student: No. No. A [pause] dancing school
- Teacher: A dance school. Dance school, okay. (Types "Dance School")
- Good, very, very nice. I like the shopping center. Do you like it?
- 10. Student: Yes, and... Sing. Sing school.
- 11. Teacher: Singing school. Okay.



## **Mainly referential questions**

- Teacher: What about a Minnie Mouse... Sorry?
- Student: (draws in extra borders on the diagram) One, two, three... 2. **Student taking control**
- 3. Teacher: You want more shops?
- Student: And dancing!
- 5. Teacher: A dancing shop?
- ). 7. Student: No, dancing, oh... (L2)
- Teacher: A dance school
- 3. Student: No. No. A [pause] dancing school
- 9. Teacher: A dance school. Dance school, okay. (Types "Dance School")
- Good, very, very nice. I like the shopping center. Do you like it?
- 10. Student: Yes, and... Sing. Sing school.
- 11. Teacher: Singing school. Okay.



- 4. Pushed output
- 5. Reformulation
- 6. Pushed output
- 7. Reformulation
- 8. Accurate form

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# Design a shopping centre and introduce it to your teacher. (You say and the teacher types.)

Shopping Centre Directory					
3/F					
2/F					
1/F					
G/F					



#### **Tangible outcome**

- 1. Teacher: Alright, what else do you want? You've got two more.
- 2. Student: Eh, I go to the park!
- 3. Teacher: The Park? You want to have a park in your shopping center?
- 4. Student: Yes.
- 5. Teacher: Okay, so we'll say an indoor park. Okay. What do you want to have in the park?
- 6. Student: The many flower.
- 7. Teacher: Many flowers. Okay, cool alright. What is your shopping center called?
- 8. Student: Called?
- 9. Teacher: What's the name of your shopping center?
- 10. Student: The [pause] oh the first-floor park is, oh, ha.
- 11. Teacher: Do you have a name?
- 12. Student: Eh, the name is the [pause] good shopping



#### **Tangible outcome**

- 1. Teacher: Alright, what else do you want? You've got two more.
- 2. Student: Eh, I go to the park!
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- 11. Teacher: Do you have a name?
- 12. Student: Eh, the name is the [pause] good shopping

Negotiation of meaning

Successful outcome





# **My Favourite Weekly Food List**

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Breakfast	milk _						
Lunch							
Dinner							

#### No tangible outcome

- 1. Teacher: Cake. It was... I ate cake. Today is my birthday. Today is my birthday. So, I ate cake. What will you eat tomorrow? Tomorrow is Sunday. What will you eat?
- 2. Student: Mushroom
- 3. Teacher: Mushrooms, okay. And what did you eat for lunch on Tuesday? Tell me what you ate for lunch.
- 4. Student: Pizza
- 5. Teacher: Oh yum, pizza, I like pizza. What about Wednesday?
- 6. Student: Chicken
- 7. Teacher: Good, you eating some good lunch. Chicken, yes. What about Thursday?
- 8. Student: Tomato
- 9. Teacher: I ate tomato
- 10. Student: I make us tomato and a rice.



#### No tangible outcome

- 1. Teacher: Cake. It was... I ate cake. Today is my birthday. Today is my birthday. So, I ate cake. What will you eat tomorrow? Tomorrow is Sunday. What will you eat?
- 2. Student, Mushroom
- 3. Teacher: Mushrooms, okay. And what did you eat for lunch on Tuesday? Tell me what you ate for lunch.
- Student: Pizza
- 5. Teacher: Oh yum, pizza, I like pizza. What about Wednesday?
- 6. Student: Chicken
- 7. Teacher: Good, you eating some good lunch. Chicken, yes. What about Thursday?
- 8. Student: Tomato
- 9. Teacher: I ate tomato
- Student: I make us tomato and a rice.



nothing meaningful being understood

Principle #1: ask questions you don't know the answer to

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Principle #6 : Get students to instruct and teacher to draw





# **My Favourite Weekly Food List**

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Breakfast	milk _						
Lunch							
Dinner							

### Not culturally relevant to teacher

- Teacher: What did you have for breakfast today?
- 2. Student: Today I eat, I eat, what.
- 3. Teacher: Sorry?
- 4. Student: (types "麻团" translated "hemp ball")
- 5. Teacher: Hemp ball... Was it nice?
- 6. Student: Yeah
- 7. Teacher: Excellent. What did you have for lunch?



### Not culturally relevant to teacher

- Teacher: What did you have for breakfast today?
- 2. Student: Today I eat, I eat, what.
- 3. Teacher: Sorry?
- 4. Student: (types 麻図 translated nemp ball )
- 5. Teacher Hemp ball... Was it nice?
- 6. Student: Yeah
- 7. Teacher: Excellent. What did you have for lunch?

pseudo-communication





# Design a shopping centre and introduce it to your teacher. (You say and the teacher types.)

Shopping Centre Directory					
	•••				
3/F					
2/F					
1/F					
G/F					



#### **Culturally relevant to student and teacher**

- 1. Teacher: Do you go shopping with Mum?
- 2. Student: Yes and Dad and my sister
- 3. Teacher: Ah, does daddy like to shop?
- 4. Student: Yes
- 5. Teacher: Really? What does daddy like to buy?"
- 6. Student: Daddy likes, Daddy likes cinema.
- 7. Teacher: Daddy likes to go to the cinema. And what do we do in the cinema?
- 8. Student: Watch a movie. It's very big.
- 9. Teacher: Watch a movie or watch a film. It's very very big, you're right. Do you like going to the cinema?
- 10. Student: No. I'm crying.
- 11. Teacher: Why do you cry in the cinema?"
- 11. Teacher. Willy do you dry in the cinema:
  - studycat webingr

Student: I'm scared

12.

#### **Culturally relevant to student and teacher**

- 1. Teacher: Do you go shopping with Mum?
- 2. Student: Yes and Dad and my sister
- 3. Teacher: Ah, does daddy like to shop?
- 4. Student: Yes
- 5. Teacher: Really? What does daddy like to buy?"
- 6. Student: Daddy likes, Daddy likes cinema.
- 7. Teacher: Daddy likes to go to the cinema. And what do we do in the cinema?
- 8. Student: Watch a movie. It's very big.
- 9. Teacher: Watch a movie or watch a film. It's very very big, you're right. Do you like going to the cinema?
- 10. Student: No. I'm crying.
- 11. Teacher: Why do you cry in the cinema?"
- Student: I'm scared



shared understanding about shopping malls

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Yes, there is / are.

No, there isn't.



Say some things you want to buy and finish the dialogue.





#### With sentence stems

- 1. Teacher: So, you've got to say, is there, is there a clothes shop?
- 2. Student: Is there a clothes shop, yes there is. You can buy a coat...
- 3. Teacher: On the...
- 4. Student: On the first floor
- 5. Teacher: Is there a gift shop?
- 6. Student: Yes, there is. You can buy a present on the first, floor.
- 7. Teacher: Is there a bookshop?
- 8. Student: Yes, there is. You can buy a storybook. It is on the fifth floor.
- 9. Teacher: Is there a pet shop? Is there a pet shop?
- 10. Student: Yes, there is
- 11. Teacher: Is there a sports shop?
- 12. Student: Yes, there is. You can sportswear on the third floor.



#### With sentence stems

- Teacher: So, you've got to say, is there, is there a clothes shop? 1. Initiation Student: Is there a clothes shop, yes there is. You can buy a coat... 2. 2. Response Teacher: On the... 3. 3. Initiation
- Student: On the first floor 4. 4. Response
- 5. Teacher: Is there a gift shop? 5. Initiation
- 6. Student: Yes, there is. You can buy a present on the first, floor. 6. Response 7. Teacher: Is there a bookshop? 7. Initiation
  - Student: Yes, there is. You can buy a storybook. It is on the fifth floor. 8. Response 9. Initiation
- 8. Teacher: Is there a pet shop? Is there a pet shop? Student: Yes, there is 10. Response
- 9. Teacher: Is there a sports shop? 11. Initiation

Response

10. 11. 12. Student: Yes, there is. You can sportswear on the third floor. 12.





# **My Favourite Weekly Food List**

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
Breakfast	milk _						
Lunch							
Dinner							

#### Without sentence stems

- 1. Student: Today? Today I have milk and stamp board
- 2. Teacher: I'm sorry?
- 3. Student: stam pan?
- 4. Teacher: Oh, steamed bun
- 5. Student: Steamed bun
- 6. Teacher: Yeah. B, U, N. Bun. And lunch?
- 7. Student: In lunch, I, I, I eat this too. I eat school lunch. I eat school lunch
  - Teacher: Are the lunches in school good?
- 9. Student:

8.

- 10. Teacher: It's a surprise every day?
- 11. Student: Yes



#### Without sentence stems

- 1. Student roday? roday r nave milk and stamp board
- 2. Teacher I'm sorry?
- 3. Student stam pan?
- 4. Teacher Oh, steamed bun
- 5. Student Steamed bun
- 6. Teacher: Yeah. B, U, N. Bun. And lunch?
- 7. Student: In lunch, I, I, I eat this too. I eat school lunch. I eat school lunch
- 8. Teacher: Are the lunches in school good?
- 9. Student: I don't know what is school lunch
- 10. Teacher: It's a surprise every day?
- 11. Student: Yes

Negotiation of meaning

pushed output



Principle #1: ask questions you don't know the answer to

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Principle #6: Get students to instruct and teacher to draw



#### Now write an invitation card. Choose and write where YOUR home is.

То:	You are invited!					
Please co	me to my	birthday pa	orty on Directions: Take the MTR to _			
*	<b>X</b>	*				

#### From the end of class

- 1. Teacher: Where is, you're going to put where is your home?
- 2. Student: Please come to my birthday party on. Birthday party.
- 3. Teacher: Put today's date, the tenth of the tenth, two thousand and nineteen at ten AM (writes "10/10/19" "1000 am"). Where's your house, are you going to go here or here?
- 4. Student: Left, left
- 5. Teacher: So that can be your house and that can be my house. How am I going to get to your house?
- 6. Student: Take the MTR to...
- 7. Teacher: Say exit one
- 8. Student: Exit one
- 9. Teacher: Turn...
- 10. Student: Turn left. My house is opposite the restaurant.



#### From the end of class

- 1. Teacher: Where is, you're going to put where is your home?
- 2. Student: Please come to my birthday party on. Birthday party.
- 3. Teacher. Full today's date, the tenth of the tenth, two thousand and nineteen at ten Air (whites To/To/T9 "1000 am"). Where's your house, are you going to go here or here?
- 4. Student: Left, left

## Teacher chooses student's birthday!

- 5. Teacher: So that can be your house and that can be my house. How am I going to get to your house?
- 6. Student: Take the MTR to...
- 7. Teacher: Say exit one
- 8. Student: Exit one
- 9. Teacher: Turn...
- 10. Student: Turn left. My house is opposite the restaurant.



### From the start of class

- Teacher: Okay, when's your birthday?
- Student: Home 2.
- Teacher: What month? January February March April? What month is your birthday? 3.
- Student: [nods] 4.
- 5. Teacher: December?
- Student: [nods] 6.
- Teacher: December, okay. So, we'll just say the party is on the twentieth of December... 7. 8. Student: No
  - Teacher: No? No. When? When's your birthday?
- 9.
- 10. Student: Erm [Pause]
- 11. Teacher: January, February, March, April, May, June.
  - Student: [nods]
- 12.
- 13. Teacherfull@ea+

14.

#### From the start of class

- 1. Teacher: Okay, when's your birthday?
- 2. Student: Home
- 3. Teacher: What month? January February March April? What month is your birthday?
- 4. Student: [nods]
- 5. Teacher: December?
- 6. Student: [nods]
- 7. Teacher: December, okay. So, we'll just say the party is on the twentieth of December...
- 8. Student. No9. Teacher: No? No. When? When's your birthday?
- 9. Teacher: No? No. When? When's your birthday?10. Student: Erm [Pause] Student taking control
- 11. Teacher: January, February, March, April, May, June.
  - . Teacher: January, February, March, April, May, June.
- 12. Student: [nods]
- 13. Teachefullyeat

Negotiation of meaning

Principle #1 : ask questions you don't know the answer to

Principle #2 : use motivating tasks with tangible outcomes

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# Design a shopping centre and introduce it to your teacher. (You say and the teacher types.)

Shopping Centre Directory	
3/F	
2/F	
1/F	
G/F	



#### **Teacher controlling the pen**

- 1. Teacher: Ground floor we're going to have a dog shop.
- 2. Student: Dog shop
- 3. Teacher: Yeah. Like, dog food, dog everything. Dog games, dog place to play if it's raining. Dog shop, dog gym. Ha-ha. A Dog gym.
- 4. Student: (draws on the screen something that looks like '∞')
- 5. Teacher: Another dog shop? No no no no. We can only have one dog shop. One big dog shop.
- 6. Student: It's a ca-, candy shop.
- 7. Teacher: Oh, a cat shop? Okay okay okay.
- 8. Student: Candy, candy shop! This is candy.
- 9. Teacher: Okay, alright, so we've got dogs, we've got candy...



#### **Teacher controlling the pen**

- Teacher: Ground floor we're going to have a dog shop.
- 2. Student: Dog shop
- 3. Teacher: Yeah. Like, dog food, dog everything. Dog games, dog place to play if it's raining. Dog shop, dog gym. Ha-ha. A Dog gym.
- 4. Student: (draws on the screen something that looks like '∞') interruption
- 5. Teacher: Another dog shop? No no no no. We can only have one dog shop. One big dog shop.
- 6. Student: It's a ca-, candy shop. interruption
- 7. Teacher: Oh, a cat shop? Okay okay okay.
- 8. Student: Candy, candy shop! This is candy. interruption
- 9. Teacher: Okay, alright, so we've got dogs, we've got candy... understanding



### Student controlling the pen

- Teacher: Can you fill in some different shops? What would you like to have?
- 2. Student: So I... Sweet shop (While Non-verbal sweet shop)
- 3. Teacher: Anything else?
- Student: Toy shop (Writes toy shop, then book shop). Mmm, clothes shop (writes clothes shop). Sports 4. wear (writes Sports wear)
- 5. Teacher: Very good, awesome. Sportswear shop. And what would be on the third floor?
- 6. Student: Erm, is a supermarket. (Writes supermarket)
- 7. Teacher: Excellent, well done. Really good job, well done. So, what is on the second floor? [Pause] What is on the second floor?
- 8. Student: A clothes shop and a sportswear shop
- 9. Teacher: Okay, what is on the ground floor?
- 10. Student: Is a sweet shop.
- 11. Teacher: And what is on the third floor?
- 12. Student: A toy shop and a book shop

### Student controlling the pen

- 1. Teacher: Can you fill in some different shops? What would you like to have?
- 2. Student: So I... Sweet shop (While Non-verbal sweet shop)
- 3. Teacher: Anything else?

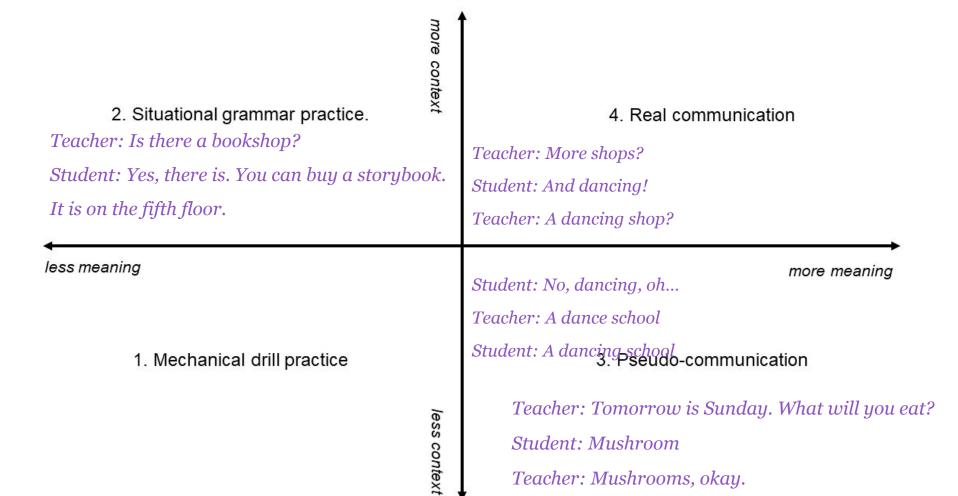
4.

8.

12.

- Student: Toy shop (Writes toy shop, then book shop). Mmm, clothes shop (writes clothes shop). Sports wear (writes Sports wear)
- 5. Teacher: Very good, awesome. Sportswear shop. And what would be on the third floor?
- 6. Student: Erm, is a supermarket. (Writes supermarket)
- 7. Teacher: Excellent, well done. Really good job, well done. So, what is on the second floor? [Pause] What is on the second floor?
  - Student: A clothes shop and a sportswear shop
- 9. Teacher: Okay, what is on the ground floor?
- 10. Student: Is a sweet shop.
- 11. Teacher: And what is on the third floor?
  - Student: A toy shop and a book shop

Display questions only



What is communication ?

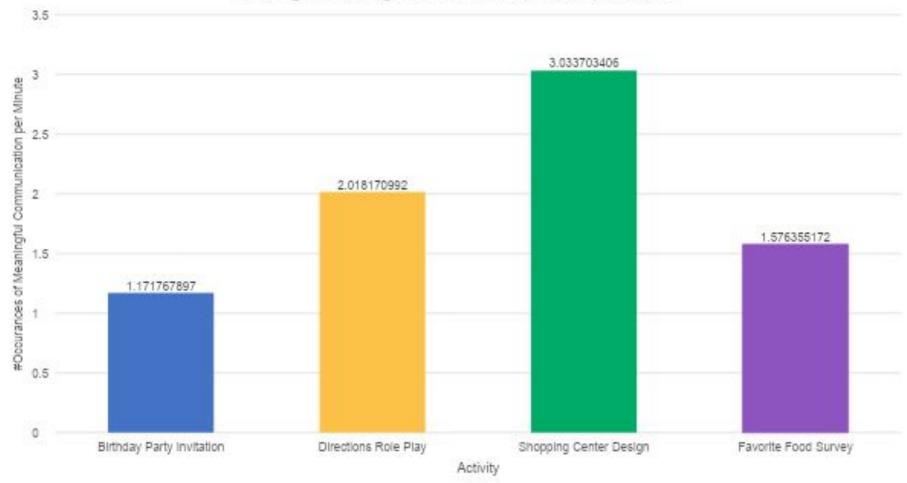
Do activities and materials impact communication ?

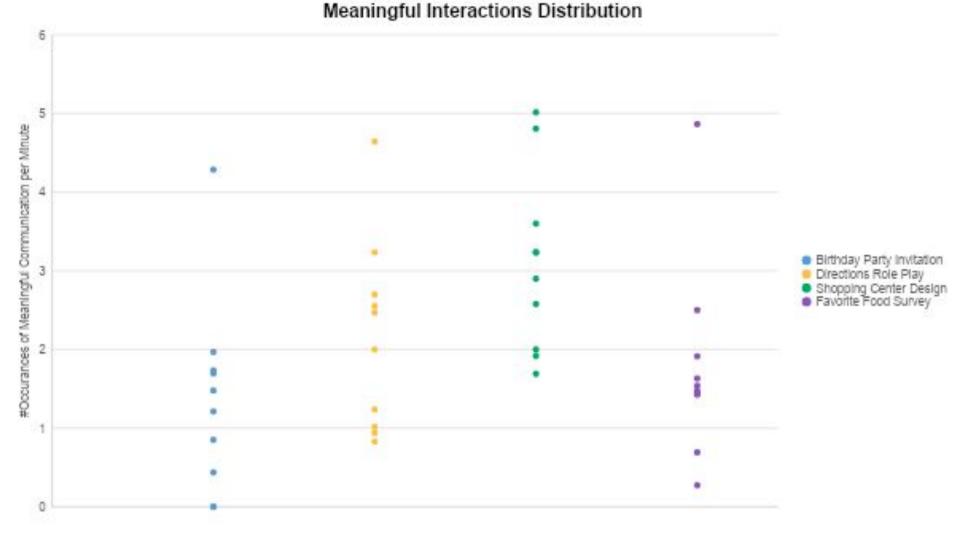
What can teachers do to encourage communication?

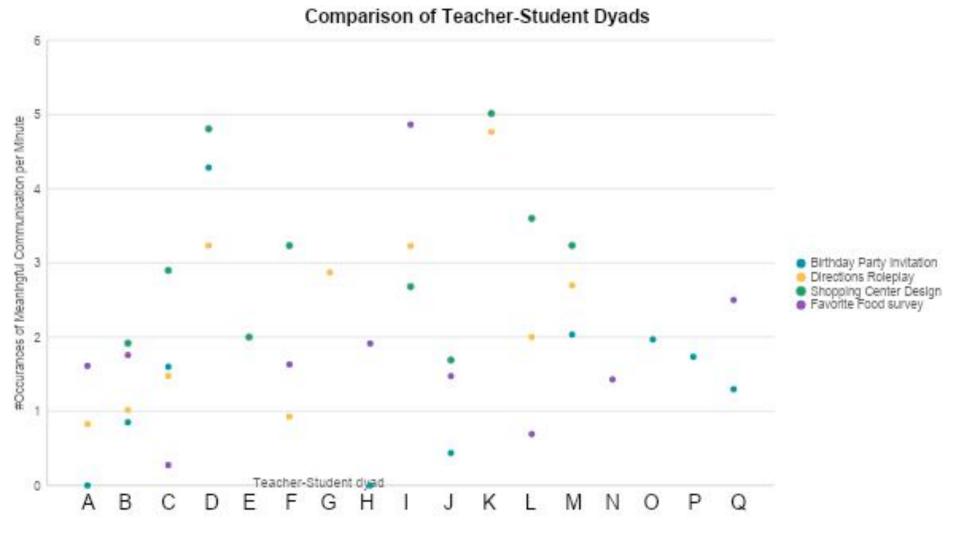
Final Thoughts



#### Average Meaningful Communications Per Minute









Yes, there is / are.

No, there isn't.



Say some things you want to buy and finish the dialogue.



Is there ...?

Showning uist.

a coat a storybook trainers

#### Role of the student

- 1. Teacher: Can I go and what a movie? Can I go to the cinema?
- 2. Student: Where is the cinema? Yes, go to... Yes, there is, on the, there is on the gift shop. Oh no! Third floor,
- 3. Teacher: Cinema, watch a movie.

happy restaurant.

- 4. Student: No, you can't. No, you can't.
- 5 Table of Theorem 1
- 5. Teacher: There's no cinema. There isn't a cinema. Alright, can I buy a cake? Where can I buy a cake?
- 6. Student: The cinema, the cinema, damage to eyesight.7. Teacher: Yeah, it's bad for your eyes.
- O Children Dan't are to the circural Dan't are to the circural
- 8. Student: Don't go to the cinema! Don't go to the cinema!
- 9. Teacher: Can I buy a cake?
- 10. Student: No, you can't.
- 14 Tanahari Las
- 11. Teacher: I can! 12. <mark> Student The cak</mark>e, don't eat cake. Cake is very yummy but is very, is very bad. Bad! Bad food bad food
  - Studest utile bad food. Studest utile bad food.

## Can you remember?



Principle #1: ask questions you don't know the answer to

Principle #2 : use motivating tasks with tangible outcomes

Principle #3:
make tasks
culturally relevant
to students and
teachers

Principle #4:
Avoid sentence
stems in
communicative
activities

Principle #5: Put communicative activities at the start of lessons

Principle #6 : Get students to instruct and teacher to draw



# Final thoughts



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